Hepatitis C infection in the Pan American Health Organization Region: The current burden of disease and a road map for achieving the World Health Organization Global Health Sector Strategy Goals

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INTRODUCTION

The development of direct acting anti-virals (DAA) significantly expanded the possibilities for managing the hepatitis C virus (HCV) among populations, and the 69th World Health Assembly recognized this by passing a resolution to eliminate HCV by 2030. Epidemiological assessment and predictive modeling are needed at the national and regional levels to develop strategies to achieve this goal in the World Health Organization (WHO) Pan American Health Organization Region (PAHO).

AIM

This study quantifies the current HCV disease burden in the PAHO region and proposes a strategy for achieving the WHO Global Health Sector Strategy (GHSS) targets for hepatitis C – diagnose 90% of infections, reduce new infections by 90%, reduce mortality by 65% – by 2030 [1].

METHOD

24 PAHO-country specific disease progression models were aggregated into a regional model, and regional averages were applied to country populations when country-specific data were not available.

An intervention scenario was developed within the model to achieve projected outcomes that meet the GHSS targets.

Table 1. 2016 PAHO Model Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAHO-Specific Parameters in Model (2016)</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Viremic Population</td>
<td>5,752,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viremic Prevalence</td>
<td>0.62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viremic Diagnosed</td>
<td>2,048,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Newly Diagnosed</td>
<td>163,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number Treated</td>
<td>286,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cured</td>
<td>257,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RESULTS

Figure 1. HCV Infected Population by Age Group – PAHO, 2016

Figure 2. HCV Cascade of Care, 2016

Disease Burden – Base Case

In 2016, there were an estimated 5.8 million viremic infections in the PAHO region, equating to a 0.6% prevalence. Of these, >65% of all infections were found in those born between 1953 and 1983. More than 35% of all infections have been diagnosed, or approximately 2.0 million cases. Less than 5% of the infected population (286,000) were treated in 2016, and of these, 90% (258,000) were cured.

Given the current standard of care, the total HCV-infected population in the PAHO region is expected to decrease by 53% from 2015 to 2030. Liver-related morbidity and mortality is forecast to decrease 5%-9% over that time.

Disease Burden – WHO Targets

To achieve the WHO targets, annual treatment rates would not need to exceed 2016, however the number of patients linked to care would need to increase. The average sustained virological response (SVR) would need to increase from 90% to 95%, and age restrictions would need to be eased to 280 years.

Under the WHO Targets scenario, significant decreases in HCV-related disease burden are expected. Total viremic infections are projected to decline by 81%, while decompensated cirrhosis cases, hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) cases, and liver-related deaths will decline by 65%-67% from 2015 to 2030. By achieving the WHO targets, more than 179,000 lives can be saved.

Table 2a. Inputs of the Base Case Scenario

Table 2b. Inputs of the WHO Targets Scenario

CONCLUSIONS

HCV-related liver disease and mortality are only expected to slightly decline in the PAHO region even though total viremic prevalence is projected to decrease 53% by 2030.

To significantly reduce the disease burden and achieve the WHO targets, a focus should be placed on maintaining high treatment rates by identifying and linking more patients to care and expanding treatment eligibility and access to high SVR therapies.

REFERENCES


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CONTACT INFORMATION

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